

**ANNEX I**

**SUMMARY OF PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS**

## 1. NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Carprodyl Quadri 120 mg chewable tablets for dogs  
Carprodyl vet. 120 mg chewable tablets for dogs (FI, SE, DK)

## 2. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE COMPOSITION

Each tablet contains:

### Active substance:

Carprofen..... 120 mg

### Excipients:

<u>Qualitative composition of excipients and other constituents</u>
Pig liver flavour
Yeast
Croscarmellose sodium
Copovidone
Magnesium stearate
Anhydrous colloidal silica
Microcrystalline cellulose
Lactose monohydrate.

Clover-shaped scored beige tablet.  
The tablet can be divided into four equal parts.

## 3. CLINICAL INFORMATION

### 3.1 Target species

Dogs.

### 3.2 Indications for use for each target species

Reduction of inflammation and pain caused by musculo-skeletal disorders and degenerative joint disease.

As a follow-up to parenteral analgesia in the management of post-operative pain.

### 3.3 Contraindications

Do not use in pregnant and lactating bitches.

Do not use in dogs aged less than 4 months in the absence of specific data.

Do not use in cats.

Do not use in dogs suffering from cardiac, hepatic or renal disease, when there is a possibility of gastrointestinal ulceration or bleeding or where there is evidence of blood dyscrasia.

Do not use in case of hypersensitivity to the active substance, to other NSAIDs (non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs) or to any of the excipients.

### 3.4 Special warnings

See sections 3.3 and 3.5.

### 3.5 Special precautions for use

#### Special precautions for safe use in the target species:

Use in aged dogs may involve additional risk. If such a use cannot be avoided, dogs may require a reduced dosage and careful clinical management.

Avoid use in any dehydrated, hypovolaemic or hypotensive dog, as there is a potential risk of increased renal toxicity.

Concurrent administration of potential nephrotoxic drugs should be avoided.

NSAID can cause inhibition of phagocytosis and hence in the treatment of inflammatory conditions associated with bacterial infection, appropriate concurrent antimicrobial therapy should be instigated.

As with other NSAID, photodermatitis during treatment with carprofen has been observed in laboratory animals and in humans. These skin reactions have never been observed in dogs.

Do not administer other NSAID concurrently or within 24 hours of each other.

Due to the good palatability of the tablet, they should be stored in a safe place out of the reach of animals. Intake of dose exceeding the recommended number of tablets may lead to severe adverse effects. If this is the case, seek veterinary assistance immediately.

#### Special precautions to be taken by the person administering the veterinary medicinal product to animals:

In case of accidental ingestion, seek medical advice immediately and show the package leaflet or the label to the physician.

Wash hands after handling the veterinary medicinal product.

#### Special precautions for the protection of the environment:

Not applicable.

### 3.6 Adverse events

Dogs

Rare (1 to 10 animals / 10,000 animals treated):	Renal disorder <sup>1</sup> Hepatic disorder <sup>1,3</sup>
Very rare (<1 animal / 10,000 animals treated, including isolated reports):	Vomiting <sup>2</sup> , Soft stool <sup>2</sup> /Diarrhoea <sup>2</sup> , Blood in faeces <sup>2</sup> Appetite loss <sup>2</sup> , Lethargy <sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>As with other NSAIDs

<sup>2</sup> Typical undesirable effects associated with NSAIDs, these adverse reactions generally occur within the first treatment week and are in most cases transient and disappear following termination of the treatment but in very rare cases may be serious or fatal.

<sup>3</sup> Idiosyncratic effects

If adverse reactions occur, use of the product should be stopped and the advice of a veterinarian should be sought.

Reporting adverse events is important. It allows continuous safety monitoring of a veterinary medicinal product. Reports should be sent, preferably via a veterinarian, to either the marketing authorisation holder or its local representative or the national competent authority via the national reporting system. See the package leaflet for respective contact details.

### 3.7 Use during pregnancy and lactation or lay

#### Pregnancy:

Laboratory studies in rat and rabbit have shown evidence of foetotoxic effects of carprofen at doses close to the therapeutic dose. The safety of the veterinary medicinal product has not been established during pregnancy. Do not use in pregnant bitches.

#### Lactation:

The safety of the veterinary medicinal product has not been established during lactation. Do not use in dogs during lactation.

#### Fertility:

For breeding animals, do not use during reproduction period.

### 3.8 Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction

Carprofen is highly bound to plasma proteins and compete with other highly bound drugs, which can increase their respective toxic effects.

Do not use this veterinary medicinal drug concurrently with other NSAID or with glucocorticoids.

Concurrent administration of potentially nephrotoxic drugs (e.g. aminoglycoside antibiotics) should be avoided.

Refers also to section 3.5

### 3.9 Administration routes and dosage

Oral use.

4 mg carprofen per kg bodyweight per day.

An initial dose of 4 mg carprofen per kg bodyweight per day given as a single daily dose. The analgesic effect from each dose persists for at least 12 hours.

The daily dose may be reduced, subject to clinical response.

Duration of treatment will be dependent upon the response seen. Long-term treatment should be under regular veterinary supervision.

To extend analgesic and anti-inflammatory cover post-operatively parenteral pre-operative treatment with an injectable carprofen may be followed with carprofen tablets at 4 mg/kg/day for 5 days.

Do not exceed the stated dose. To ensure a correct dosage, body weight should be determined as accurately as possible.

Tablets can be broken as follows: put the tablet on a flat surface, with its scored side facing the surface (convex face up). With the tip of forefinger, exert a slight vertical pressure on the middle of the tablet to break it into halves. In order to obtain quarters, then exert a slight pressure on the middle of one half with forefinger.

Each chewable tablet can be quartered for accurate dosing according to the individual body weight of the animal.

Number of tablets per day	Dog weight (kg)	
¼	≥ 7.5	< 14.5
½	≥ 14.5	< 21
¾	≥ 21	< 30
1	≥ 30	< 37.5
1 ¼	≥ 37.5	< 45
1 ½	≥ 45	< 52.5
1 ¾	≥ 52.5	< 60
2	≥ 60	< 70

The chewable tablets are flavoured and are accepted by dogs. The chewable tablets can be administered with or without food.

### **3.10 Symptoms of overdose (and where applicable, emergency procedures and antidotes)**

Bibliographic data report that carprofen is well tolerated in dogs at twice the recommended dosage for 42 days.

There is no specific antidote to carprofen but general supportive therapy as applied to clinical overdose with NSAIDs should be applied.

### **3.11. Special restrictions for use and special conditions for use, including restrictions on the use of antimicrobial and antiparasitic veterinary medicinal products in order to limit the risk of development of resistance**

Not applicable.

### **3.12 Withdrawal periods**

Not applicable.

## **4. PHARMACOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### **4.1 ATCvet code:**

QM01AE91

### **4.2 Pharmacodynamics**

Carprofen is a non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID), of the 2-aryl propionic acid class and possesses anti-inflammatory, analgesic and antipyretic activities.

The mechanism of action of carprofen, is not well known. However, it was shown that the inhibition of the cyclo-oxygenase enzyme by carprofen is relatively weak at the recommended dosage. Moreover, it was shown that carprofen doesn't inhibit the generation of thromboxane (TX) B<sub>2</sub> in dog clotting blood and neither prostaglandin (PG) E<sub>2</sub> nor 12-hydroxyeicosatetraenoic acid (HETE) in inflammatory exudate are inhibited. This suggests the mechanism of action of carprofen is not the inhibition of the eicosanoids. Some authors suggested an activity of carprofen on one or numerous inflammatory mediators not yet identified but no clinical evidence could be shown.

Carprofen exists in two enantiomeric forms, R(-)-carprofen and S(+)-carprofen and the racemic form is the one marketed. Laboratory animal studies suggest that the S(+) enantiomer possesses greater anti-inflammatory potency.

Ulcerogenic potential of carprofen has been shown in the rodents but not in the dogs.

### **4.3 Pharmacokinetics**

After a single oral administration of 4 mg of carprofen per kg of bodyweight in dog, the time to obtain a maximum plasmatic concentration of 23µg/ml is about 2 hours. The oral bioavailability is more than 90% of the total dose. Carprofen is more than 98% bound to plasma proteins and its volume of distribution is low.

Carprofen is excreted in the bile with 70 % of an intra-venous dose of carprofen being eliminated in the faeces, mainly as the glucuronide conjugate. Carprofen undergoes an enantioselective enterohepatic cycle in dog, with only the S(+) enantiomer being significantly recycled. The plasmatic clearance of the S(+) carprofen is about twice that of the R(-) carprofen. The biliary clearance of S(+) carprofen seems to be subject to stereoselectivity too as it is about three times higher than that of R(-) carprofen.

## **5. PHARMACEUTICAL PARTICULARS**

### **5.1 Major incompatibilities**

Not applicable.

### **5.2 Shelf life**

Shelf-life of the veterinary medicinal product as packaged for sale:3 years.

Shelf-life after first opening the immediate packaging:72 hours.

### **5.3 Special precautions for storage**

Do not store above 30°C.

Protect from light.

Divided tablets should be stored in the blister pack. Any divided tablet portions remaining after 72 hours should be discarded.

### **5.4 Nature and composition of immediate packaging**

Blister complex: PVDC-PVC/Aluminium heat sealed blisters with 6 tablets / blister.

Cardboard box with 2 blisters of 6 tablets.

Cardboard box with 20 blisters of 6 tablets.

Cardboard box with 40 blisters of 6 tablets.

Cardboard box with 80 blisters of 6 tablets.

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

### **5.5 Special precautions for the disposal of unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived from the use of such products**

Medicines should not be disposed of via wastewater or household waste.

Use take-back schemes for the disposal of any unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived thereof in accordance with local requirements and with any national collection systems applicable to the veterinary medicinal product concerned.

## **6. NAME OF THE MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER**

## **7. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBERS**

## **8. DATE OF FIRST AUTHORISATION**

Date of first authorisation: {DD/MM/YYYY}

## **9. DATE OF THE LAST REVISION OF THE SUMMARY OF THE PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS**

{mm/yyyy}

## **10. CLASSIFICATION OF VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCTS**

Veterinary medicinal product subject to prescription.

Detailed information on this veterinary medicinal product is available in the Union Product Database.

(<https://medicines.health.europa.eu/veterinary>).

**ANNEX III**  
**LABELLING AND PACKAGE LEAFLET**



## **A. LABELLING**

**PARTICULARS TO APPEAR ON THE OUTER PACKAGE****Cardboard box****1. NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT**

Carprodyl Quadri 120 mg chewable tablets  
Carprodyl vet. 120 mg chewable tablets (FI, SE, DK)

**2. STATEMENT OF ACTIVE SUBSTANCES**

Each tablet contains:  
120 mg of Carprofen

**3. PACKAGE SIZE**

12 tablets  
120 tablets  
240 tablets  
480 tablets

**4. TARGET SPECIES**

Dogs

**5. INDICATIONS****6. ROUTES OF ADMINISTRATION**

Oral use.

**7. WITHDRAWAL PERIODS****8. EXPIRY DATE**

Exp. {mm/yyyy}

**9. SPECIAL STORAGE PRECAUTIONS**

Do not store above 30°C  
Protect from light.  
For shelf life of divided tablets: see package leaflet.

**10. THE WORDS “READ THE PACKAGE LEAFLET BEFORE USE”**

Read the package leaflet before use.

**11. THE WORDS “FOR ANIMAL TREATMENT ONLY”**

For animal treatment only

**12. THE WORDS “KEEP OUT OF THE SIGHT AND REACH OF CHILDREN”**

Keep out of the sight and reach of children.

**13. NAME OF THE MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER**



**14. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBERS**

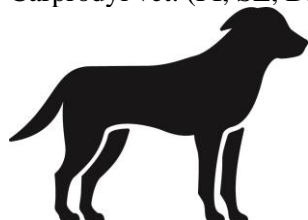
**15. BATCH NUMBER**

Lot {number}

**MINIMUM PARTICULARS TO APPEAR ON SMALL IMMEDIATE PACKAGING UNITS**  
**Blister**

**1. NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT**

Carprodyl Quadri  
Carprodyl vet. (FI, SE, DK)



**2. QUANTITATIVE PARTICULARS OF THE ACTIVE SUBSTANCES**

120 mg of carprofen/tablet

**3. BATCH NUMBER**

Lot {number}

**4. EXPIRY DATE**

Exp. {mm/yyyy}

**B. PACKAGE LEAFLET**

## PACKAGE LEAFLET

### 1. Name of the veterinary medicinal product

Carprodyl Quadri 120 mg chewable tablets for dogs  
Carprodyl vet. 120 mg chewable tablets for dogs (FI, SE, DK)

### 2. Composition

Each tablet contains:

Active substance:

Carprofen..... 120 mg

Clover-shaped scored beige tablet. The tablet can be divided into four equal parts.

### 3. Target species

Dogs

### 4. Indications for use

Reduction of inflammation and pain caused by musculo-skeletal disorders and degenerative joint disease.

As a follow-up to parenteral analgesia in the management of post-operative pain.

### 5. Contraindications

Do not use in pregnant and lactating bitches.

Do not use in dogs aged less than 4 months in the absence of specific data.

Do not use in cats.

Do not use in dogs, suffering from cardiac, hepatic or renal disease, when there is a possibility of gastrointestinal ulceration or bleeding or where there is evidence of blood dyscrasia.

Do not use in case of hypersensitivity to the active substance, to other NSAIDs (non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs) or to any of the excipients.

### 6. Special warnings

Special precautions for safe use in the target species:

Use in aged dogs may involve additional risk. If such a use cannot be avoided, dogs may require a reduced dosage and careful clinical management.

Avoid use in any dehydrated, hypovolaemic or hypotensive dog, as there is a potential risk of increased renal toxicity.

Concurrent administration of potential nephrotoxic drugs should be avoided.

NSAID can cause inhibition of phagocytosis and hence in the treatment of inflammatory conditions associated with bacterial infection, appropriate concurrent antimicrobial therapy should be instigated.

As with other NSAID, photodermatitis during treatment with carprofen has been observed in laboratory animals and in humans. These skin reactions have never been observed in dogs.

Do not administer other NSAID concurrently or within 24 hours of each other

Due to the good palatability of the tablet, they should be stored in a safe place out of the reach of animals. Intake of dose exceeding the recommended number of tablets may lead to severe adverse effects. If this is the case, seek veterinary assistance immediately.

Special precautions to be taken by the person administering the veterinary medicinal product to animals:

In case of accidental ingestion, seek medical advice immediately and show the package leaflet or the label to the physician.

Wash hands after handling the veterinary medicinal product.

Pregnancy:

Laboratory studies in rat and rabbit have shown evidence of foetotoxic effects of carprofen at doses close to the therapeutic dose. The safety of the veterinary medicinal product has not been established during pregnancy. Do not use in pregnant bitches.

Lactation:

The safety of the veterinary medicinal product has not been established during lactation. Do not use in dogs during lactation.”

Fertility:

For breeding animals, do not use during reproduction period.

Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction:

Carprofen is highly bound to plasma proteins and compete with other highly bound drugs, which can increase their respective toxic effects.

Do not use this veterinary medicinal drug concurrently with other NSAID or with glucocorticoids.

Concurrent administration of potentially nephrotoxic drugs (e.g. aminoglycoside antibiotics) should be avoided.

Refers also to section “Special precautions for use”

Overdose:

Bibliographic data report that carprofen is well tolerated in dogs at twice the recommended dosage for 42 days.

There is no specific antidote to carprofen but general supportive therapy as applied to clinical overdose with NSAIDs should be applied.

## **7. Adverse events**

Dogs :

Rare (1 to 10 animals / 10,000 animals treated):
Renal disorder <sup>1</sup> Hepatic disorder <sup>1,3</sup>
Very rare (<1 animal / 10,000 animals treated, including isolated reports):
Vomiting <sup>2</sup> , Soft stool <sup>2</sup> /Diarrhoea <sup>2</sup> , Blood in faeces <sup>2</sup> Appetite loss <sup>2</sup> , Lethargy <sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>As with other NSAIDs

<sup>2</sup> Typical undesirable effects associated with NSAIDs, these adverse reactions generally occur within the first treatment week and are in most cases transient and disappear following termination of the treatment but in very rare cases may be serious or fatal.

<sup>3</sup> Idiosyncratic effects

If adverse reactions occur, use of the product should be stopped and the advice of a veterinarian should be sought.

Reporting adverse events is important. It allows continuous safety monitoring of a product. If you notice any side effects, even those not already listed in this package leaflet, or you think that the medicine has not worked, please contact, in the first instance, your veterinarian. You can also report any adverse events to the marketing authorisation holder or the local representative of the marketing authorisation holder using the contact details at the end of this leaflet, or via your national reporting system.

## **8. Dosage for each species, routes and method of administration**

Oral use.

4 mg carprofen per kg bodyweight per day.

An initial dose of 4 mg carprofen per kg bodyweight per day given as a single daily dose. The analgesic effect from each dose persists for at least 12 hours.

The daily dose may be reduced, subject to clinical response.

Duration of treatment will be dependent upon the response seen. Long term treatment should be under regular veterinary supervision. To extend analgesic and anti-inflammatory cover post-operatively parenteral pre-operative treatment with an injectable carprofen may be followed with carprofen tablets at 4 mg/kg/day for 5 days.

Do not exceed the stated dose. To ensure a correct dosage, body weight should be determined as accurately as possible.

Tablets can be broken as follows: Put the tablet on a flat surface, with its scored side facing the surface (convex face up).

With the tip of forefinger, exert a slight vertical pressure on the middle of the tablet to break it into halves. In order to obtain quarters, then exert a slight pressure on the middle of one half with forefinger.

Each chewable tablet can be quartered for accurate dosing according to the individual body weight of the animal.

Number of tablets per day	Dog weight (kg)	
¼	≥ 7.5	< 14.5
½	≥ 14.5	< 21
¾	≥ 21	< 30
1	≥ 30	< 37.5
1 ¼	≥ 37.5	< 45
1 ½	≥ 45	< 52.5
1 ¾	≥ 52.5	< 60
2	≥ 60	< 70

## **9. Advice on correct administration**

The chewable tablets are flavoured and are accepted by dogs. The chewable tablets can be administered with or without food.



## **10. Withdrawal periods**

Not applicable.

## **11. Special storage precautions**

Keep out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not store above 30°C

Protect from light.

Divided tablets should be stored in the blister pack. Any divided tablet portions remaining after 72 hours should be discarded.

Do not use the veterinary medicinal product after the expiry date which is stated on the blister and outer carton after Exp. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

## **12. Special precautions for disposal**

Medicines should not be disposed of via wastewater or household waste.

Use take-back schemes for the disposal of any unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived thereof in accordance with local requirements and with any applicable national collection systems. These measures should help to protect the environment.

Ask your veterinary surgeon or pharmacist how to dispose of medicines no longer required.

## **13. Classification of veterinary medicinal products**

Veterinary medicinal product subject to prescription.

## **14. Marketing authorization numbers and pack sizes**

(MA)

Pack sizes:

Cardboard box with 2 blisters of 6 tablets

Cardboard box with 20 blisters of 6 tablets

Cardboard box with 40 blisters of 6 tablets

Cardboard box with 80 blisters of 6 tablets

## **15. Date on which the package leaflet was last revised**

{mm/yyyy}

Detailed information on this veterinary medicinal product is available in the Union Product Database.

<https://medicines.health.europa.eu/veterinary>).

## **16. Contact details**

Marketing authorisation holder and contact details to report suspected adverse reactions :

*(Name and address to be completed nationally)*

Tel: +800 35 22 11 51

Email: [pharmacovigilance@ceva.com](mailto:pharmacovigilance@ceva.com)

Manufacturer responsible for batch release:

Ceva Santé Animale

Boulevard de la Communication

Zone Autoroutière

53950 Louverné

France

**17. Other information**