ANNEX I SUMMARY OF PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

1. NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Synulox 50mg, comprimés appétents pour chiens et chats – Belgium, Luxembourg

Synulox 50 mg, таблетки за кучета и котки – Bulgaria

Synulox 50 mg, δισκία για σκύλους και γάτες – Cyprus, Greece

Synulox 40 mg/10 mg tablety pro psy a kočky- Czechia

Synulox 50 mg, tabletid koertele ja kassidele – Estonia

Synulox vet 40 mg/10 mg tabletti koiralle ja kissalle – Finland

Synulox 50 mg comprimes pour chiens et chats – France

Synulox 50 mg (40 mg/10 mg) tabletten für hunde und katzen – Germany

Synulox palatable tablets 50 mg, compresse appetibili per cani e gatti – Italy

Synulox palatable 50 mg tabletta kutyák és macskák részére A.U.V. – Hungary

Synulox 50 mg tabletes suņiem un kaķiem – Latvia

Synulox, 50 mg, kramtomosios tabletės šunims ir katėms – Lithuania

Synulox smakelijke tabletten 50 mg voor honden en katten – Netherlands

Synulox vet. 40 mg/10 mg tabletter til hund og katt – Norway

Synulox tabletki 50 mg, (40 mg + 10 mg)/tabletke, tabletki dla psów i kotów – Poland

Synulox comprimidos palatáveis 50 mg para cães e gatos – Portugal

Synulox 50 mg, comprimate pentru câini și pisici – Romania

Synulox 50 mg tablete za pse in mačke – Slovenia

Synulox 40 mg/10 mg tablety pre psy a mačky – Slovakia

Synulox 40/10 mg comprimidos apetitosos para perros y gatos - Spain

Synulox vet. 40 mg/10 mg tabletter – Sweden

Synulox palatable tablets 40 mg/10 mg - Ireland, Northern Ireland

2. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE COMPOSITION

Each tablet contains:

Active substance:

Amoxicillin 40 mg (equivalent to 45.91 mg amoxicillin trihydrate) Clavulanic acid 10 mg (equivalent to 11.91 mg potassium clavulanate)

Excipients:

Qualitative composition of excipients and other constituents	Quantitative composition if that information is essential for proper administration of the veterinary medicinal product
Magnesium stearate	
Sodium starch glycolate	
Microcrystalline cellulose	
Colloidal silica anhydrous	
Roller-dried yeast	
Erythrosine lake (E127)	3.5 mg

Speckled pink flat circular tablets with beveled edges, a scored line on one side and engraved SYNULOX on the other side.

The tablet can be divided into two equal parts.

3. CLINICAL INFORMATION

3.1 Target species

Dogs and cats.

3.2 Indications for use for each target species

Dogs:

For the treatment of

- Skin infections (including deep and superficial pyoderma).
- Soft tissue infections (including anal sacculitis and abscesses).
- Urinary tract infections.
- Respiratory infections.
- Intestinal infections.
- Periodontal infections in addition to mechanical or surgical periodontal therapy.

Cats:

For the treatment of

- Skin infections (including superficial pyoderma).
- Soft tissue infections (including abscesses).
- Urinary tract infections.
- Respiratory infections.
- Intestinal infections.
- Periodontal infections in addition to mechanical or surgical periodontal therapy.

3.3 Contraindications

Do not use in rabbits, guinea pigs, hamsters, gerbils, chinchillas or other small herbivores.

Do not use in cases of hypersensitivity to the active substances, other substances of the beta-lactam group or to any of the excipients.

Do not administer to horses or ruminating animals.

Do not use in animals with severe renal impairment with anuria or oliguria.

3.4 Special warnings

Cross-resistance has been shown between amoxicillin/clavulanic acid and other antibiotics belonging to the beta-lactam group. Use of the veterinary medicinal product should be carefully considered when susceptibility testing has shown resistance to other antimicrobials in the beta-lactam group because its effectiveness may be reduced.

When susceptibility testing has shown resistance to sole beta-lactam, but susceptibility to combination of amoxicillin/clavulanic acid has been confirmed, treatment with the veterinary medicinal product might nevertheless be considered.

Do not use in cases of suspected or confirmed methicillin resistant *S. aureus* (MRSA) and methicillin resistant *S. pseudintermedius* (MRSP) infections, as such isolates should be considered resistant to all beta-lactams including amoxicillin/clavulanic acid combinations.

The veterinary medicinal product has no effect against infections caused by *Pseudomonas* spp. due to its inherent resistance.

3.5 Special precautions for use

Special precautions for safe use in the target species:

Use of the product should be based on identification and susceptibility testing of the target pathogen(s). If this is not possible, therapy should be based on epidemiological information and knowledge of susceptibility of the target pathogens at local/regional level.

Use of the product should be in accordance with official, national and regional antimicrobial policies.

An antibiotic with a lower risk of antimicrobial resistance selection (lower AMEG category) should be used for first line treatment where susceptibility testing suggests the likely efficacy of this approach.

Narrow spectrum antibiotic therapy with a lower risk of antimicrobial resistance selection should be used for first line treatment where susceptibility testing suggests the likely efficacy of this approach. Pharmacokinetic of the active substances in the target tissue might be considered as well.

The routine use of systemic antibiotics for intestinal infections is not recommended.

Oral treatment with antibiotics can result in disturbance of gastrointestinal flora, especially in case of long-term treatment.

In case of renal or hepatic insufficiency, the use of the veterinary medicinal product should be subject to a benefit-risk assessment by the responsible veterinarian.

Special precautions to be taken by the person administering the veterinary medicinal product to animals:

Penicillins and cephalosporins may cause hypersensitivity (allergy) following injection, inhalation, ingestion, or skin contact. Hypersensitivity to penicillins can lead to cross-reactions with cephalosporins and vice versa. Allergic reactions caused by these substances may occasionally be serious.

People with known hypersensitivity to the active substance should avoid contact with the veterinary medicinal product. Wear gloves when handling this product to avoid skin contact.

If you develop symptoms such as a skin rash and persistent eye irritation after exposure to the veterinary medicinal product, seek medical advice immediately and show the package leaflet or label to the physician. Swelling of the face, lips, or eyes, or difficulty breathing are more serious symptoms that require urgent medical attention.

Wash hands after use.

To prevent children from accessing the veterinary medicinal product, only the required number of tablets should be removed from the blister pack and only when required. Store any unused portion of the tablet in the opened blister pack and return it into the carton immediately after use. The carton should be stored out of the sight and reach of children. In case of accidental ingestion, seek medical advice immediately and show the package leaflet or the label to the physician.

Special precautions for the protection of the environment:

Not applicable.

3.6 Adverse events

Dogs and cats:

Common (1 to 10 animals / 100 animals treated):	gastrointestinal disorder ¹ (e.g. vomiting, diarrhoea)
Uncommon (1 to 10 animals / 1 000 animals treated):	hypersalivation anorexia ^{1, 2} , lethargy

Very rare (<1 animal / 10 000 animals treated, including isolated reports):	hypersensitivity reaction ³ (e.g. allergic skin reaction, anaphylaxis)
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Depending on the severity of the adverse event treatment should be discontinued and symptomatic treatment initiated based on the benefit-risk assessment by the responsible veterinarian.

- anaphylaxis: administer epinephrine (adrenaline) and glucocorticoids.
- allergic skin reactions: administer antihistamines and/or glucocorticoids.

Reporting adverse events is important. It allows continuous safety monitoring of a veterinary medicinal product. Reports should be sent, preferably via a veterinarian, to either the marketing authorisation holder <or its local representative> or the national competent authority via the national reporting system. See the package leaflet for respective contact details.

3.7 Use during pregnancy, lactation or lay

The safety of the veterinary medicinal product has not been established during pregnancy and lactation.

Pregnancy and lactation:

In laboratory studies (rat, mouse), signs of embryotoxicity or teratogenicity could only be detected at high doses.

Use only according to the benefit-risk assessment by the responsible veterinarian.

3.8 Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction

The bactericidal effect of amoxicillin may be inhibited by the concomitant use of bacteriostatic antimicrobials.

Penicillins may increase the effect of aminoglycosides.

3.9 Administration routes and dosage

Oral use.

Dosage: 10 mg amoxicillin and 2.5 mg clavulanic acid/kg body weight every 12 hours.

In refractory respiratory tract infections, the dose can be doubled to 20 mg amoxicillin and 5 mg clavulanic acid/kg body weight every 12 hours and the treatment can be prolonged for up to 10 days.

Dosing instructions:

Body weight (kg)	Number of tablets every 12 hours (10 mg amoxicillin and 2.5 mg clavulanic acid/kg body weight)
1 - 2	0.5
> 2 – 4	1
> 4 – 6	1.5
> 6 - 8	2
> 8 – 10	2.5

Duration of treatment:

In most of the cases, a treatment duration of 5 to 7 days is sufficient. For chronic cases, a longer course of therapy may be required.

² Very rare (<1 animal / 10 000 animals treated, including isolated reports) in cats.

³ May be serious. Immediate discontinuation of the veterinary medicinal product is required. Countermeasures to be taken in case of an allergic reaction:

Based on clinical trials, the following treatment durations are recommended:

Chronic skin infections, 10–20 days.

Chronic cystitis, 10-28 days.

Instructions for use:

To ensure a correct dosage, body weight should be determined as accurately as possible.

The tablets can be administered directly into the mouth of the animals or crumbled and added to a small quantity of food and fed immediately.

3.10 Symptoms of overdose (and where applicable, emergency procedures and antidotes)

Doses up to 40 mg amoxicillin and 10 mg clavulanic acid/kg and 60 mg amoxicillin and 15 mg clavulanic acid/kg administered twice daily for 5 days were tolerated well in young dogs and young cats respectively.

No adverse events associated with overdoses other than those listed in section 3.6 were detected in the respective studies (for information on symptomatic treatment see also section on adverse events).

Due to the neurotoxicity of penicillins, overdosing might result in central nervous system symptoms and convulsions. In these cases, treatment with the veterinary medicinal product should be discontinued immediately and symptomatic treatment should be initiated.

3.11 Special restrictions for use and special conditions for use, including restrictions on the use of antimicrobial and antiparasitic veterinary medicinal products in order to limit the risk of development of resistance

3.12 Withdrawal periods

Not applicable.

4. PHARMACOLOGICAL INFORMATION

4.1 ATCvet code: QJ01CR02

4.2 Pharmacodynamics

The veterinary medicinal product is an association of amoxicillin and clavulanic acid. Amoxicillin inhibits the cross-linking of the peptidoglycan layer through a selective and irreversible blockage of various enzymes involved in this process (primarily transpeptidases) and thus prevents the formation of an intact bacterial cell wall. This results in an osmotic imbalance that particularly affects bacteria in the logarithmic phase of growth which ultimately leads to bacterial cell lysis. The effect is therefore bactericidal and related to the time the susceptible organisms are exposed to supra-minimum inhibitory concentrations. Clavulanic acid has a similar structure to beta-lactam antibiotics such as amoxicillin. It has a weak antibacterial effect but, compared to amoxicillin, has a higher affinity for beta-lactamases, enzymes produced by Gram-positive and Gram-negative bacteria which inactivate beta-lactam antibiotics through the hydrolytic cleavage of their beta-lactam ring. When administered simultaneously with amoxicillin, clavulanic acid rapidly, progressively and irreversibly inactivates the beta-lactamases by forming a stable molecule-enzyme complex. This prevents inactivation of amoxicillin by beta-lactamases and, as a result, the spectrum of amoxicillin is broadened to include strains that have acquired resistance through secretion of plasmid-derived penicillinase, and strains that are naturally resistant through the production of chromosomally mediated beta-lactamases. Other mechanisms of resistance to beta-lactams include the modification of the antibiotic target site (penicillin-binding proteins), efflux pumps and changes in the permeability of the outer membrane.

4.3 Pharmacokinetics

Following oral administration, amoxicillin is well absorbed from the gastrointestinal tract. In dogs, bioavailability is 60-70%. Following absorption, the highest concentrations are found in the kidneys (urine), bile and further in the liver, lungs, heart, and spleen.

Distribution of amoxicillin to the cerebrospinal fluid is low unless meningitis occurs.

Amoxicillin is excreted mainly by the kidneys (unchanged in the urine).

Clavulanic acid is well absorbed after oral administration and has pharmacokinetic properties similar to amoxicillin. Extracellular distribution of clavulanic acid is extensive, but permeation into milk and cerebrospinal fluid is very limited. Clavulanic acid is excreted unchanged by the kidneys.

Dogs

Several studies involving 54 dogs administered the veterinary medicinal product at a dose of 10 mg amoxicillin and 2.5 mg clavulanic acid per kg of body weight showed the following results:

- For amoxicillin, the time to reach maximum concentration (T_{max}) ranged from 1 to 2 hours, with a maximum concentration (C_{max}) between 4.6 and 8.4 mcg/ml. The mean elimination half-life (T_{1/2}) was between 0.85 and 1.42 hours.
- For clavulanic acid, the C_{max} ranged from 0.32 to 2 mcg/ml, the T_{max} from 0.5 to 2 hours, and the $T_{1/2}$ from 0.59 to 0.8 hours.

Cats

Studies involving cats administered the veterinary medicinal product at a dose of 10 mg amoxicillin and 2.5 mg clavulanic acid/kg body weight showed the following results:

- For amoxicillin, the T_{max} was 2 hours with a C_{max} between 4.5 and 7.43 mcg/ml. The $T_{\frac{1}{2}}$ was between 0.97 and 1.44 hours.
- For clavulanic acid, the T_{max} was 1 hour with a C_{max} ranging from 1.52 to 2.3 mcg/ml. The $T_{1/2}$ ranged from 0.5 to 0.9 hours.

5. PHARMACEUTICAL PARTICULARS

5.1 Major incompatibilities

Not applicable.

5.2 Shelf life

Shelf life of the veterinary medicinal product as packaged for sale: 2 years. Shelf life after dividing the tablet: 24 hours.

5.3 Special precautions for storage

Do not store above 25°C.

Store in a dry place.

Store any remaining half tablet in the blister kept in the original carton.

5.4 Nature and composition of immediate packaging

Strips of laminated aluminium foil with a low-density polyethylene film.

Pack sizes:

Cardboard box containing 10 tablets (1 blister x 10 tablets)

Cardboard box containing 100 tablets (10 blisters x 10 tablets)

Cardboard box containing 250 tablets (25 blisters x 10 tablets)

Cardboard box containing 500 tablets (50 blisters x 10 tablets)

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

5.5 Special precautions for the disposal of unused veterinary medicinal products or waste materials derived from the use of such products

Medicines should not be disposed of via wastewater <or household waste>.

Use take-back schemes for the disposal of any unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived thereof in accordance with local requirements and with any national collection systems applicable to the veterinary medicinal product concerned.

- 6. NAME OF THE MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER
- 7. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBER(S)
- 8. DATE OF FIRST AUTHORISATION
- 9. DATE OF THE LAST REVISION OF THE SUMMARY OF THE PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS
- 10. CLASSIFICATION OF VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCTS

Veterinary medicinal product subject to prescription.

Detailed information on this veterinary medicinal product is available in the Union Product Database (https://medicines.health.europa.eu/veterinary).

ANNEX III LABELLING AND PACKAGE LEAFLET

A. LABELLING

PARTICULARS TO APPEAR ON THE OUTER PACKAGE **CARDBOARD BOX** NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT 1. Synulox 50 mg (40 mg/10 mg) tabletten für hunde und katzen – Germany 2. STATEMENT OF ACTIVE SUBSTANCES Each tablet contains: Amoxicillin 40 mg (as amoxicillin trihydrate 45.91 mg) Clavulanic acid 10 mg (as potassium clavulanate 11.91 mg) 3. PACKAGE SIZE 10 tablets 100 tablets 250 tablets 500 tablets 4. **TARGET SPECIES** Dogs and cats. 5. **INDICATIONS**

6. ROUTES OF ADMINISTRATION

Oral use.

7. WITHDRAWAL PERIODS

8. EXPIRY DATE

Exp. {mm/yyyy}

Use tablet halves within 24 hours.

9. SPECIAL STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

Do not store above 25°C.

Store in a dry place.

Store any remaining half tablet in the blister kept in the original carton.

10.	THE WORDS "READ THE PACKAGE LEAFLET BEFORE USE"
Read	the package leaflet before use.
11.	THE WORDS "FOR ANIMAL TREATMENT ONLY"
For an	nimal treatment only.
12.	THE WORDS "KEEP OUT OF THE SIGHT AND REACH OF CHILDREN"
Keep	out of the sight and reach of children.
13.	NAME OF THE MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER
14.	MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBERS
15.	BATCH NUMBER
Lot {1	number}

MINIMUM PARTICULARS TO APPEAR ON SMALL IMMEDIATE PACKAGING UNITS BLISTER

1. NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Synulox 50 mg (40 mg/10 mg) tabletten für hunde und katzen – Germany

2. QUANTITATIVE PARTICULARS OF THE ACTIVE SUBSTANCES

Amoxicillin 40 mg

Clavulanic acid 10 mg

3. BATCH NUMBER

Lot {number}

4. EXPIRY DATE

Exp. {mm/yyyy}

B. PACKAGE LEAFLET

PACKAGE LEAFLET

1. Name of the veterinary medicinal product

Synulox 50 mg (40 mg/10 mg) tabletten für hunde und katzen – Germany

2. Composition

Each tablet contains:

Active substance:

Amoxicillin 40 mg (equivalent to 45.91 mg amoxicillin trihydrate) Clavulanic acid 10 mg (equivalent to 11.91 mg potassium clavulanate)

Excipient:

Erythrosine lake (E127) 3.5 mg

Speckled pink flat circular tablets with beveled edges, a scored line on one side and engraved SYNULOX on the other side.

The tablet can be divided into two equal parts.

3. Target species

Dogs and cats.

4. Indications for use

Dogs:

For the treatment of

- Skin infections (including deep and superficial pyoderma).
- Soft tissue infections (including anal sacculitis and abscesses).
- Urinary tract infections.
- Respiratory infections.
- Intestinal infections.
- Periodontal infections (infections of the tissues surrounding the teeth) in addition to mechanical or surgical periodontal therapy.

Cats:

For the treatment of

- Skin infections (including superficial pyoderma).
- Soft tissue infections (including abscesses).
- Urinary tract infections.
- Respiratory infections.
- Intestinal infections.
- Periodontal infections (infections of the tissues surrounding the teeth) in addition to mechanical or surgical periodontal therapy.

5. Contraindications

Do not use in rabbits, guinea pigs, hamsters, gerbils, chinchillas or other small herbivores.

Do not use in cases of hypersensitivity to the active substances, other substances of the beta-lactam group or to any of the excipients.

Do not administer to horses or ruminating animals.

Do not use in animals with severe renal impairment with no or decreased urine production (anuria or oliguria).

6. Special warnings

Special warnings:

Cross-resistance has been shown between amoxicillin/clavulanic acid and other antibiotics belonging to the beta-lactam group. Use of the veterinary medicinal product should be carefully considered when susceptibility testing has shown resistance to other antimicrobials in the beta-lactam group because its effectiveness may be reduced.

When susceptibility testing has shown resistance to sole beta-lactam, but susceptibility to combination of amoxicillin/clavulanic acid has been confirmed, treatment with the veterinary medicinal product might nevertheless be considered.

Do not use in cases of suspected or confirmed methicillin resistant *S. aureus* (MRSA) and methicillin resistant *S. pseudintermedius* (MRSP) infections, as such isolates should be considered resistant to all beta-lactams including amoxicillin/clavulanic acid combinations.

The veterinary medicinal product has no effect against infections caused by *Pseudomonas* spp. due to its inherent resistance.

Special precautions for safe use in the target species:

Use of the product should be based on identification and susceptibility testing of the target pathogen(s). If this is not possible, therapy should be based on epidemiological information and knowledge of susceptibility of the target pathogens at local/regional level.

Use of the product should be in accordance with official, national and regional antimicrobial policies.

An antibiotic with a lower risk of antimicrobial resistance selection (lower AMEG category) should be used for first line treatment where susceptibility testing suggests the likely efficacy of this approach.

Narrow spectrum antibiotic therapy with a lower risk of antimicrobial resistance selection should be used for first line treatment where susceptibility testing suggests the likely efficacy of this approach. Pharmacokinetic of the active substances in the target tissue might be considered as well.

The routine use of systemic antibiotics for intestinal infections is not recommended.

Oral treatment with antibiotics can result in disturbance of gastrointestinal flora, especially in case of long-term treatment.

In case of renal or hepatic insufficiency, the use of the veterinary medicinal product should be subject to a benefit-risk assessment by the responsible veterinarian.

Special precautions to be taken by the person administering the veterinary medicinal product to animals:

Penicillins and cephalosporins may cause hypersensitivity (allergy) following injection, inhalation, ingestion, or skin contact. Hypersensitivity to penicillins can lead to cross-reactions with cephalosporins and vice versa. Allergic reactions caused by these substances may occasionally be serious.

People with known hypersensitivity to the active substance should avoid contact with the veterinary medicinal product. Wear gloves when handling this product to avoid skin contact.

If you develop symptoms such as a skin rash and persistent eye irritation after exposure to the veterinary medicinal product, seek medical advice immediately and show the package leaflet or label to the physician. Swelling of the face, lips, or eyes, or difficulty breathing are more serious symptoms that require urgent medical attention.

Wash hands after use.

To prevent children from accessing the veterinary medicinal product, only the required number of tablets should be removed from the blister pack and only when required. Store any unused portion of the tablet in the opened blister pack and return it into the carton immediately after use. The carton should be stored out of the sight and reach of children. In case of accidental ingestion, seek medical advice immediately and show the package leaflet or the label to the physician.

Pregnancy and lactation:

The safety of the veterinary medicinal product has not been established during pregnancy and lactation.

In laboratory studies (rat, mouse), signs of embryotoxicity or teratogenicity could only be detected at high doses.

Use only according to the benefit-risk assessment by the responsible veterinarian.

<u>Interaction</u> with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction:

The bactericidal effect of amoxicillin may be inhibited by the concomitant use of bacteriostatic antimicrobials.

Penicillins may increase the effect of aminoglycosides.

Overdose:

Doses up to 40 mg amoxicillin and 10 mg clavulanic acid/kg and 60 mg amoxicillin and 15 mg clavulanic acid/kg administered twice daily for 5 days were tolerated well in young dogs and young cats respectively.

No adverse events associated with overdoses other than those listed in section 'Adverse events' were detected in the respective studies (for information on symptomatic treatment see also section on adverse events).

Due to the toxic effect of penicillins on the nervous system, overdosing might result in central nervous system symptoms and convulsions. In these cases, treatment with the veterinary medicinal product should be discontinued immediately and symptomatic treatment should be initiated.

<Special restrictions for use and special conditions for use:>

7. Adverse events

Dogs and cats:

Common (1 to 10 animals / 100 animals treated):

gastrointestinal disorder¹ (e.g. vomiting, diarrhoea)

Uncommon (1 to 10 animals / 1 000 animals treated):

hypersalivation

anorexia^{1, 2}, lethargy

Very rare (<1 animal / 10 000 animals treated, including isolated reports):

hypersensitivity reaction³ (e.g. allergic skin reaction, anaphylaxis)

¹ Depending on the severity of the adverse event treatment should be discontinued and symptomatic treatment initiated based on the benefit-risk assessment by the responsible veterinarian.

² Very rare (<1 animal / 10 000 animals treated, including isolated reports) in cats.

- ³ May be serious. Immediate discontinuation of the veterinary medicinal product is required. Countermeasures to be taken by the veterinarian in case of an allergic reaction:
 - anaphylaxis: administer epinephrine (adrenaline) and glucocorticoids.
 - allergic skin reactions: administer antihistamines and/or glucocorticoids.

Reporting adverse events is important. It allows continuous safety monitoring of a product. If you notice any side effects, even those not already listed in this package leaflet, or you think that the medicine has not worked, please contact, in the first instance, your veterinarian. You can also report any adverse events to the marketing authorisation holder <or its local representative> using the contact details at the end of this leaflet, or via your national reporting system: {national system details}.

8. Dosage for each species, routes and method of administration

Oral use.

Dosage: 10 mg amoxicillin and 2.5 mg clavulanic acid/kg body weight every 12 hours. In refractory respiratory tract infections, the dose can be doubled to 20 mg amoxicillin and 5 mg clavulanic acid/kg body weight every 12 hours and the treatment can be prolonged for up to 10 days.

Dosing instructions:

Body weight (kg)	Number of tablets every 12 hours (10 mg amoxicillin and 2.5 mg clavulanic acid/kg body weight)
1 - 2	0.5
> 2 – 4	1
> 4 – 6	1.5
> 6 – 8	2
> 8 – 10	2.5

Duration of treatment:

In most of the cases, a treatment duration of 5 to 7 days is sufficient.

For chronic cases, a longer course of therapy may be required.

Based on clinical trials, the following treatment durations are recommended:

Chronic skin infections, 10–20 days.

Chronic cystitis, 10-28 days.

9. Advice on correct administration

To ensure a correct dosage, body weight should be determined as accurately as possible. The tablets can be administered directly into the mouth of the animals or crumbled and added to a small quantity of food and fed immediately.

10. Withdrawal periods

Not applicable.

11. Special storage precautions

Keep out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not store above 25°C.

Store in a dry place.

Store any remaining half tablet in the blister kept in the original carton.

Do not use this veterinary medicinal product after the expiry date which is stated on the label after Exp. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month. Shelf life after dividing the tablet: 24 hours.

12. Special precautions for disposal

Medicines should not be disposed of via wastewater <or household waste>.

Use take-back schemes for the disposal of any unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived thereof in accordance with local requirements and with any applicable national collection systems. These measures should help to protect the environment.

Ask your <veterinary surgeon> <or> <pharmacist> how to dispose of medicines no longer required.

13. Classification of veterinary medicinal products

Veterinary medicinal product subject to prescription.

14. Marketing authorisation numbers and pack sizes

Cardboard box containing 10 tablets (1 blister x 10 tablets)
Cardboard box containing 100 tablets (10 blisters x 10 tablets)
Cardboard box containing 250 tablets (25 blisters x 10 tablets)
Cardboard box containing 500 tablets (50 blisters x 10 tablets)

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

15. Date on which the package leaflet was last revised

Detailed information on this veterinary medicinal product is available in the Union Product Database (https://medicines.health.europa.eu/veterinary).

16. Contact details

Marketing authorisation holder<and contact details to report suspected adverse events>:

Manufacturer responsible for batch release: Haupt Pharma Latina S.r.l. Strada Statale 156 Dei Monti Lepini Km 47,600 Latina 04100 Italy

<Local representatives <and contact details to report suspected adverse events>:>