#### 1. NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Porcilis Ery+Parvo suspension for injection for pigs

## 2. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE COMPOSITION

Each dose (2 ml) contains:

#### **Active substances:**

Inactivated strains of:

Erysipelothrix rhusiopathiae, serotype 2 (strain M2) ≥ 1 ppd\* Porcine Parvovirus (strain 014) ≥ 552 EU\*\*

\*ppd = pig protective dose as compared to a reference preparation known to be protective in pigs.

\*\*EU = as determined in the final product by antigenic mass ELISA

#### Adjuvant:

dl-α-tocopherol: 150 mg

#### **Excipients:**

For the full list of excipients, see section 6.1.

#### 3. PHARMACEUTICAL FORM

Suspension for injection.

Homogenous white to nearly white suspension after shaking.

#### 4. CLINICAL PARTICULARS

#### 4.1 Target species

Pigs (Sows and Gilts).

#### 4.2 Indications for use, specifying the target species

For active immunization of sows and gilts to prevent clinical signs of Erysipelas disease caused by all relevant *Erysipelothrix (E.) rhusiopathiae* serotypes (serotype 1 and 2) and for protection against embryonal and fetal death caused by porcine parvovirus (PPV) infection.

## E. rhusiopathiae:

Onset of immunity (after finished primary vaccination course): 3 weeks

Duration of immunity: 6 months

Porcine parvovirus:

Duration of immunity: 12 months

#### 4.3 Contraindications

None.

#### 4.4 Special warnings for each target species

Vaccinate healthy animals only.

## 4.5 Special precautions for use

<u>Special precautions for use in animals</u> Not applicable.

# Special precautions to be taken by the person administering the veterinary medicinal product to animals

In case of accidental self-injection, seek medical advice immediately and show the package leaflet or label to the physician.

## 4.6 Adverse reactions (frequency and seriousness)

## In laboratory studies and field trials:

Transient increases in body temperature  $(0.5^{\circ}\text{C})$  within 24 hours may very commonly occur. Mild transient local swelling (Ø 1-10mm) until 8 days after vaccination may very commonly occur. Transient reluctance to move may commonly occur.

#### In post marketing experience:

In very rare cases, a hypersensitivity reaction may occur.

The frequency of adverse reactions is defined using the following convention:

- very common (more than 1 in 10 animals treated displaying adverse reaction(s))
- common (more than 1 but less than 10 animals in 100 animals treated)
- uncommon (more than 1 but less than 10 animals in 1,000 animals treated)
- rare (more than 1 but less than 10 animals in 10,000 animals treated)
- very rare (less than 1 animal in 10,000 animals treated, including isolated reports).

## 4.7 Use during pregnancy, lactation or lay

Can be used during pregnancy and lactation.

#### 4.8 Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction

No information is available on the safety and efficacy of this vaccine when used with any other veterinary medicinal product. A decision to use this vaccine before or after any other veterinary medicinal product therefore needs to be made on a case by case basis.

# 4.9 Amounts to be administered and administration route

Administer one dose of 2 ml by deep intramuscular injection behind the ear.

Before use, allow the vaccine to reach room temperature. Shake well before use. Use sterile syringe and needles. Avoid introduction of contamination by multiple broaching.

## Primary vaccination course:

Protection against *E. rhusiopathiae* and PPV should be achieved in gilts before first mating. A single injection not later than 2 weeks before mating is sufficient to protect the following pregnancy from damage due to PPV. For the induction of protection against Erysipelas a double vaccination as a basic vaccination is advised. This can be achieved with the single Erysipelas vaccine either 4 weeks before or 4 weeks after the application of the combined ERY-PARVO vaccine.

Due to possible interference with maternal antibodies the pigs should have reached the age of 6 months before vaccination to ensure efficacy against porcine parvovirus.

<u>Revaccinations</u> should be given once a year, supplemented with the administration of a single Erysipelas vaccine, 6 months post each Porcilis Ery + Parvo vaccination.

## 4.10 Overdose (symptoms, emergency procedures, antidotes), if necessary

Reactions observed after administration of a double dose are not different from those observed after administration of a single dose.

## 4.11 Withdrawal period(s)

Zero days.

## 5. IMMUNOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

Pharmacotherapeutic group: Inactivated bacterial and inactivated viral vaccines ATCvet code: QI09AL01

The active substances are a lysate of *E. rhusiopathiae* strain M2 (serotype 2) and inactivated porcine parvo virus strain 014.

For the active immunization of sows and gilts, as an aid in the control of swine erysipelas and for the protection of their embryos and fetuses against porcine parvovirus infection.

The antigens are incorporated in an aqueous tocopherol based adjuvant in order to enhance a prolonged stimulation of immunity.

#### 6. PHARMACEUTICAL PARTICULARS

## 6.1 List of excipients

Polysorbate 80 Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane Sodium chloride Simethicone Water for injections

#### 6.2 Major incompatibilities

Do not mix with any other veterinary medicinal product.

#### 6.3 Shelf life

Shelf life of the veterinary medicinal product as packaged for sale: 2 years. Shelf life after first opening the immediate packaging: 10 hours

# 6.4. Special precautions for storage

Store in a refrigerator (2°C - 8°C). Do not freeze. Protect from light.

# 6.5 Nature and composition of immediate packaging

PET-vial closed with a halogenobutyl rubber stopper and sealed with a coded aluminium cap.

Package sizes:

1 vial of 20 ml (10 doses), 50 ml (25 doses), 100 ml (50 doses) or 250 ml (125 doses) packed in a cardboard box.

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

# 6.6 Special precautions for the disposal of unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived from the use of such products

Any unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived from such veterinary medicinal product should be disposed of in accordance with local requirements.

#### 7. MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER

Intervet International B.V., as represented by the national company Wim de Körverstraat 35 5831 AN Boxmeer
The Netherlands

- 8. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBER(S)
- 9. DATE OF FIRST AUTHORISATION/RENEWAL OF THE AUTHORISATION
- 10. DATE OF REVISION OF THE TEXT

09/2020

#### PROHIBITION OF SALE, SUPPLY AND/OR USE

Not applicable.