

## **SUMMARY OF PRODUCTS CHARACTERISTICS**

### **1. NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT**

For all CMSs except Spain  
Kenocidin  
Chlorhexidine digluconate 5mg/g, Teat dip solution for cattle (dairy)

For Spain  
Kenocidin  
5mg/g, Teat dip solution for cattle (dairy)  
Chlorhexidine digluconate

### **2. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE COMPOSITION**

<u>Qualitative composition</u>	<u>Quantitative composition</u>
Active substance:	
Chlorhexidine digluconate	5.0 mg/g
(Equivalent to chlorhexidine)	2.815 mg/g)
Excipients:	
Patent Blue V (E131)	0.03 mg/g
Other Constituents:	
Glycerol	51 mg/g
Allantoin	1 mg/g

For a full list of excipients, see section 6.1

### **3. PHARMACEUTICAL FORM**

Teat Dip Solution  
Blue Viscous Liquid

### **4. CLINICAL PARTICULARS**

#### **4.1 Target species**

Cattle (dairy).

#### **4.2 Indications for use, specifying the target species**

Teat disinfection as a part of a prevention strategy for mastitis in lactating dairy cows.

For the maintenance of good teat skin and teat end condition.

#### **4.3 Contraindications**

Do not use in case of known hypersensitivity to chlorhexidine or any of the excipients.

#### **4.4 Special warnings for each target species**

Ensure udder and teats are clean and dry before the next milking.

#### **4.5 Special precautions for use**

##### **i. Special precautions for use in animals**

For external use only.

Allow product to dry before exposing the cows to wet (rainy), cold or windy conditions.

If the temperature is below freezing, allow teats to air dry before letting cows outside.

Use for the treatment of teats with cutaneous lesions may delay the wound healing process. It is recommended to discontinue the treatment until the lesions are healed. The presence of organic matter (pus, blood, etc.) may limit the action of the disinfectant chlorhexidine.

If signs of disease appear, consult a veterinary surgeon.

##### **ii. Special precautions for the person administering the veterinary medicinal product to animals**

Avoid contact with eyes. If splashed in the eye, rinse with clean running water and seek medical advice.

In case of ingestion, drink large quantities of water and seek medical attention immediately.

Keep away from food and animal feed.

Wash hands after use.

People with known hypersensitivity to chlorhexidine should avoid contact with the veterinary medicinal product.

##### **iii. Other precautions**

None

#### **4.6 Adverse reactions (frequency and seriousness)**

None known

#### **4.7 Use during pregnancy, lactation or lay**

Can be used during pregnancy and lactation.

#### **4.8 Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction**

None known.

#### **4.9 Amount(s) to be administered and administration route**

The product is ready to use as a post-milking teat dip, applied up to two times per day.

Use at least 5ml per cow per application.

Dip the teats immediately after milking each cow. Ensure that the teat is completely covered to three quarters of its length.

The dip cup should be replenished as necessary.

If a common dip cup is used for application, a fresh solution should always be used at each milking. The dip cup should be emptied, cleaned and rinsed after each milking session or when the cup becomes contaminated during milking. Do not pour the remaining solution from the dip cup back into the original container. Do not use the product for cleaning and/or sanitizing milking equipment.

#### **4.10 Overdose (symptoms, emergency procedures, antidotes), if necessary**

Not applicable. This veterinary medicinal product is for topical application, significant absorption does not occur.

#### **4.11 Withdrawal period(s)**

Meat and Offal: Zero days.

Milk: Zero hours

### **5. PHARMACOLOGICAL PROPERTIES**

#### **Pharmacotherapeutic group:**

Dermatologicals, antiseptic, disinfectant based on chlorhexidine

#### **ATC Vet Code:**

QD08AC02

#### **5.1 Pharmacodynamic properties**

Chlorhexidine is a bisbiguanide antiseptic. Chlorhexidine has a broad-spectrum of activity. It is capable of rapidly and completely killing on contact practically all vegetative bacteria. Chlorhexidine has a mycostatic activity as well and prevents the out growth of bacterial spores.

Chlorhexidine causes cell wall disruption. This leads to modification, or loss, of permeability and damage. Leakage of intracellular constituents occurs as a consequence of cell death. Release of cell constituents occurs at very low concentrations. High concentrations of chlorhexidine cause coagulation of intracellular constituents. Due to electrostatic interaction with the acid phospholipids, the primary site of action is the cytoplasmic membrane.

All species of vegetative bacteria are susceptible to this action of chlorhexidine and there is no documented resistance mechanism in the field.

Chlorhexidine is an antiseptic. KENOCIDIN has been tested according to European Standards EN 1656 (field conditions) against *Staphylococcus aureus*, *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*, *Proteus vulgaris*, *Enterococcus hirae*, *E. coli*, *S. agalactiae*, *S. dysgalactiae*, *S. uberis*, *Corynebacterium bovis*, *Streptococcus bovis*, *Klebsiella*, *Citrobacter*, *Enterobacter*.

## **5.2 Pharmacokinetic particulars**

Chlorhexidine is not significantly absorbed through the skin after topical application and therefore no systemic pharmacokinetic activity is indicated.

## **6. PHARMACEUTICAL PARTICULARS**

### **6.1 List of excipients**

Patent Blue V (E131)  
Glycerol  
Allantoin  
Isopropyl Alcohol  
Macrogol Stearate  
Guar  
Mint Oil, Partly Dementholised  
Citric Acid Monohydrate  
Sodium Hydroxyde 30% Solution  
Water, Purified

### **6.2 Incompatibilities**

Chlorhexidine can be inactivated by anionic and nonionic surfactants (eg soaps, even natural) or inorganic anions, so do not mix with tap water, other chemicals, disinfectants and other products for the teat and udder care

### **6.3 Shelf life**

Shelf life of the veterinary medicinal product as packaged for sale: 18 months

Shelf life after first opening the immediate packaging: 6 months

### **6.4 Special precautions for storage**

Keep container tightly closed

Protect from frost

If the veterinary medicinal product has frozen, thaw in a warm place and shake well before use

Protect from light.

### **6.5 Nature and composition of immediate packaging**

1 litre white high-density polyethylene multidose containers (HDPE) with HDPE screw-caps and o-ring seals.

5,10,20,25,60 and 200\* litre, blue HDPE multidose containers with HDPE screw-caps and o-ring seals. The overseal on the 200 litres presentation is red.

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

\* The 200 litre multidose container should not be returned for re-filling.

#### **6.6 Special precautions for the disposal of unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived from the use of such products, if appropriate**

Any unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived from such veterinary medicinal products should be disposed of in accordance with local requirements. The product should not enter water courses as this may be dangerous for fish and other aquatic organisms.

UK Only: To dispose of unused product to land you must have an authorisation under the Groundwater Regulations 1998.

### **7 MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER**

CIDLINES NV  
Waterpoortstraat 2  
8900 Ieper  
Belgium

### **8. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBER(S)**

### **9. DATE OF FIRST AUTHORISATION**

**Date:**

### **10. DATE OF REVISION OF THE TEXT**

**Date:**