# ANNEX I SUMMARY OF PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

#### 1. NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Advocin 180, 180 mg/ml, Solution for Injection for Cattle.

#### 2. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE COMPOSITION

Each ml contains.

#### **Active substance:**

Danofloxacin 180 mg (Equivalent to 228.4 mg Danofloxacin mesylate)

#### **Excipients:**

Qualitative composition of excipients and other constituents	Quantitative composition if that information is essential for proper administration of the veterinary medicinal product
Phenol	2.5 mg
Monothioglycerol	5 mg
Povidone K 15	
2-pyrrolidone	
Magnesium oxide	
Hydrochloric acid	
Sodium hydroxide	
Water for injection	

Medium yellow to amber solution.

#### 3. CLINICAL INFORMATION

#### 3.1 Target species

Cattle.

#### 3.2 Indications for use for each target species

In cattle:

Treatment of bovine respiratory disease caused by *Mannheimia haemolytica*, *Pasteurella multocida* and *Histophilus somni* sensitive to danofloxacin.

For the treatment of acute bovine mastitis caused by *Escherichia coli* sensitive to danofloxacin.

In neo-natal calves:

Treatment of enteric infections caused by *Escherichia coli* sensitive to danofloxacin.

#### 3.3 Contraindications

Do not use in cases of hypersensitivity to the active substance, to other (fluoro)quinolones or to any of the excipients.

#### 3.4 Special warnings

Do not use in cases where the pathogen involved is resistant to other fluoroquinolones (due to the potential for cross resistance).

#### 3.5 Special precautions for use

Special precautions for safe use in the target species:

Use of fluoroquinolones should be based on susceptibility testing and take into account official and local antimicrobial use policies. It is prudent to reserve fluoroquinolones for the treatment of clinical conditions which have responded poorly, or are expected to respond poorly, to other classes of antimicrobials. Efficacy against gram positive strains has not been established.

For fluoroquinolones as a class, over-dosage at multiples of the recommended dose has been shown to induce erosion of articular cartilage. Care should be taken to dose accurately and the veterinary medicinal product should be used with caution in animals with joint disease or cartilage growth disorders.

Use of the veterinary medicinal product deviating from the instructions given in the SPC may increase the prevalence of bacteria resistant to fluoroquinolones and may decrease the effectiveness of treatment with other quinolones due to the potential for cross resistance.

The safety of the veterinary medicinal product has not been assessed in breeding bulls.

Special precautions to be taken by the person administering the veterinary medicinal products to animals:

People with known hypersensitivity to (fluoro)quinolones should avoid contact with the veterinary medicinal product.

Care should be taken to avoid accidental self-injection, it can induce a slight irritation.

In case of accidental self-injection, seek medical advice immediately and show the package leaflet or the label to the physician.

In case of contact with skin or eyes, rinse with plenty of water.

Wash hands after use.

Do not eat, drink or smoke during application.

Special precautions for the protection of the environment:

Not applicable.

#### 3.6 Adverse events

Cattle:

Very rare	Anaphylactic shock <sup>1</sup>
(<1 animal / 10,000 animals treated,	
including isolated reports):	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In sensitive animals, immediate or delayed.

Reporting adverse events is important. It allows continuous safety monitoring of a veterinary medicinal product. Reports should be sent, preferably via a veterinarian, to either the marketing authorisation holder <or its local representative> or the national competent authority via the national reporting system. See the package leaflet for respective contact details.

#### 3.7 Use during pregnancy, lactation or lay

The safety of the veterinary medicinal product has not been established during pregnancy in cows nor assessed in breeding bulls.

#### Pregnancy:

The use is not recommended during pregnancy.

Studies in laboratory animals have shown adverse effects on reproduction. At high doses in rats (100 to 200 mg/kg/day), increase in foetal delayed ossification and in dilatation of the cerebral ventricles were observed. Dams given high doses produced fewer live pups per litter and pup weight and survival were adversely affected.

#### 3.8 Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction

When fluoroquinolones have been combined with bacteriostatic antimicrobials, such as tetracyclines and macrolides or phenicols, an antagonism was demonstrated *in vitro*.

#### 3.9 Administration routes and dosage

Intravenous or subcutaneous routes.

6 mg/kg body weight (1 ml/30 kg body weight) as a single injection.

If clinical signs of respiratory or enteric disease persist 48 hours after the first injection, an additional dose at 6 mg/kg body weight may be administered.

It is recommended to treat animals in the early stages of disease and to evaluate the response to treatment within 48 hours.

For the treatment of acute bovine mastitis, the veterinary medicinal product should be administered at 6 mg/kg body weight (1 ml/30 kg body weight) as a single injection by the subcutaneous or intravenous route. The clinical signs should be monitored carefully and supportive therapy should be given as appropriate. If clinical signs of acute bovine mastitis persist 36-48 hours after the first injection, the antibiotic treatment strategy should be reviewed. It is recommended to treat animals in the early stages of disease and to evaluate the response to treatment within 36-48 hours.

For treatment of cattle weighing more than 450 kg, divide the subcutaneous dose so that no more than 15 ml are injected at one site.

When dosing a large number of animals from a single vial, the use of an automatic syringe is recommended to avoid excessive broaching of the rubber stopper.

To ensure a correct dosage, body weight should be determined as accurately as possible.

#### 3.10 Symptoms of overdose (and where applicable, emergency procedures and antidotes)

A subcutaneous injection of the veterinary medicinal product at two times the recommended dose induced a moderate inflammatory response in the tissue around the injection site. The resultant lesions may persist for up to 30 days.

At doses of three times the therapeutic dose (18 mg/kg bw), erythema of the nasal and ocular mucosae was induced and food intake was reduced. At even higher doses and prolonged exposure, there was damage to the cartilage in the joints and some animals displayed paresis, ataxia or nystagmus.

# 3.11 Special restrictions for use and special conditions for use, including restrictions on the use of antimicrobial and antiparasitic veterinary medicinal products in order to limit the risk of development of resistance

Not applicable.

#### 3.12 Withdrawal periods

Meat and offal: 8 days Milk: 4 days

#### 4. PHARMACOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **4.1 ATCvet code:** QJ01MA92

#### 4.2 Pharmacodynamics

Danofloxacin is a synthetic fluoroquinolone antimicrobial agent that possesses potent *in vitro* activity against *Mannheimia haemolytica*, *Pasteurella multocida*, *Histophilus somni* and *Escherichia coli*, the bacterial pathogens most commonly associated with bovine respiratory, enteric disease and acute bovine mastitis.

The antimicrobial activity of danofloxacin is based upon the inhibition of microbial DNA gyrase and topoisomerase IV. The inhibitory effect is on the second step of the enzymatic process, uncoupling the breakage and reunion functions. Danofloxacin, in common with other fluoroquinolones, produces a stable complex between the enzyme and DNA. This results in the cessation of DNA replication and transcription. The bactericidal effect is also observed on bacteria in the stationary growth phase.

#### 4.3 Pharmacokinetics

The veterinary medicinal product is rapidly and extensively absorbed from the site of subcutaneous injection, bioavailability is around 90%. Danofloxacin is only poorly metabolised and subsequently eliminated via both the renal and hepatic routes. A difference in elimination kinetics is observed between pre-ruminant animals (half-life of 12 hours) and ruminant animals (half-life of 4 hours). High drug concentrations in lung, enteric and lymphatic tissues are observed. Following a single subcutaneous administration at 6 mg/kg body weight, peak plasma and tissue concentrations are achieved within one to two hours after treatment, with concentrations in lung and enteric tissues approximately four times greater than in plasma. The dose selected for the veterinary medicinal product was based on the optimisation of the concentration dependent bactericidal activity of danofloxacin against respiratory and enteric pathogens.

The mean milk concentrations of danofloxacin were 4.61 and 0.2  $\mu$ g/ml at the 8 and 24 hour milking, respectively, following a single subcutaneous injection.

#### 5. PHARMACEUTICAL PARTICULARS

#### 5.1 Major incompatibilities

In the absence of compatibility studies, this veterinary medicinal product must not be mixed with other veterinary medicinal products.

#### 5.2 Shelf life

Shelf life of the veterinary medicinal product as packaged for sale: 2 years. Shelf life after first opening the immediate packaging: 28 days.

#### **5.3** Special precautions for storage

Store in the original package in order to protect from light. Do not freeze.

#### 5.4 Nature and composition of immediate packaging

Nature of Primary Packaging

Type I amber glass vial

- Chlorobutyl rubber stopper
- Aluminium overseal with polypropylene cover

#### **Market Presentations**

- Box containing one 50 ml vial
- Box containing one 100 ml vial
- Box containing one 250 ml vial

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

# 5.5 Special precautions for the disposal of unused veterinary medicinal products or waste materials derived from the use of such products

Medicines should not be disposed of via wastewater or household waste.

Use take-back schemes for the disposal of any unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived thereof in accordance with local requirements and with any national collections systems applicable to the veterinary medicinal product concerned.

#### 6. NAME OF THE MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER

**ZOETIS** 

#### 7. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBER(S)

#### 8. DATE OF FIRST AUTHORISATION

Date of first authorisation: 14/03/2001

## 9. DATE OF THE LAST REVISION OF THE SUMMARY OF THE PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

#### 10. CLASSIFICATION OF VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCTS

Veterinary medicinal product subject to prescription.

Detailed information on this veterinary medicinal product is available in the Union Product Database (https://medicines.health.europa.eu/veterinary).

# ANNEX III LABELLING AND PACKAGE LEAFLET

A. LABELLING

## PARTICULARS TO APPEAR ON THE OUTER PACKAGE BOX FOR 50/100/250 ml vial NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT 1. Advocin 180, 180 mg/ml, Solution for Injection. 2. STATEMENT OF ACTIVE SUBSTANCES Danofloxacin 180 mg/ml (Equivalent to 228.4 mg/ml Danofloxacin mesylate) **3. PACKAGE SIZE** 50ml 100 ml 250 ml 4. **TARGET SPECIES** Cattle 5. **INDICATIONS** ROUTES OF ADMINISTRATION 6. For subcutaneous or intravenous use. 7. WITHDRAWAL PERIODS Withdrawal period: Meat and offal: 8 days Milk: 4 days 8. **EXPIRY DATE** Exp. {mm/yyyy}

#### 9. SPECIAL STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

Keep the vial in the outer carton.

Once broached use within 28 days.

Store in the original package in order to protect from light.

Do not freeze.

10. THE WORDS "READ THE PACKAGE LEAFLET BEFORE USE"		
Read the package leaflet before use.		
11. THE WORDS "FOR ANIMAL TREATMENT ONLY"		
For animal treatment only.		
12. THE WORDS "KEEP OUT OF THE SIGHT AND REACH OF CHILDREN"		
Keep out of the sight and reach of children.		
13. NAME OF THE MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER		
14. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBERS		
15. BATCH NUMBER		
Lot {number}		

### PARTICULARS TO APPEAR ON THE IMMEDIATE PACKAGE **VIAL LABEL (100/250 ml)** 1. NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT Advocin 180, 180 mg/ml, Solution for Injection. 2. STATEMENT OF ACTIVE SUBSTANCES Danofloxacin 180 mg/ml (Equivalent to 228.4 mg/ml Danofloxacin mesylate). **3. TARGET SPECIES** Cattle 4. ROUTES OF ADMINISTRATION SC/IV. Read the package leaflet before use. 5. WITHDRAWAL PERIODS Withdrawal period: Meat and offal: 8 days Milk: 4 days 6. **EXPIRY DATE** Exp. {mm/yyyy} Once broached use by... 7. SPECIAL STORAGE PRECAUTIONS Keep the vial in the outer carton. Store in the original package in order to protect from light. Do not freeze. 8. NAME OF THE MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER

#### 9. BATCH NUMBER

Lot {number}

# MINIMUM PARTICULARS TO APPEAR ON SMALL IMMEDIATE PACKAGING UNITS VIAL LABEL (50 ml) 1. NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Advocin 180

#### 2. QUANTITATIVE PARTICULARS OF THE ACTIVE SUBSTANCES

Danofloxacin 180 mg/ml (Equivalent to 228.4 mg/ml Danofloxacin mesylate).

#### 3. BATCH NUMBER

Lot {number}

#### 4. EXPIRY DATE

Exp. {mm/yyyy}
Once broached use by:

**B. PACKAGE LEAFLET** 

#### PACKAGE LEAFLET

#### 1. Name of the veterinary medicinal product

Advocin 180, 180 mg/ml, Solution for Injection for Cattle.

#### 2. Composition

Each ml contains:

#### **Active substance:**

Danofloxacin 180 mg (Equivalent to 228.4 mg Danofloxacin mesylate) **Excipients:** Phenol 2.5 mg Monothioglycerol 5 mg

Medium yellow to amber solution.

#### 3. Target species

Cattle.

#### 4. Indications for use

#### In cattle:

Treatment of bovine respiratory disease caused by *Mannheimia haemolytica*, *Pasteurella multocida* and *Histophilus somni* sensitive to danofloxacin.

For the treatment of acute bovine mastitis caused by *Escherichia coli* sensitive to danofloxacin.

#### In neo-natal calves:

Treatment of enteric infections caused by *Escherichia coli* sensitive to danofloxacin.

#### 5. Contraindications

Do not use in cases of hypersensitivity to the active substance, to other (fluoro)quinolones or to any of the excipients.

#### 6. Special warnings

#### **Special warnings:**

Do not use in cases where the pathogen involved is resistant to other fluoroquinolones (due to the potential for cross resistance).

#### Special precautions for safe use in the target species:

Use of fluoroquinolones should be based on susceptibility testing and take into account official and local antimicrobial use policies. It is prudent to reserve fluoroquinolones for the treatment of clinical conditions which have responded poorly, or are expected to respond poorly, to other classes of antimicrobials. Efficacy against gram positive strains has not been established.

For fluoroquinolones as a class, over-dosage at multiples of the recommended dose has been shown to induce erosion of articular cartilage. Care should be taken to dose accurately and the veterinary

medicinal product should be used with caution in animals with joint disease or cartilage growth disorders.

Use of the veterinary medicinal product deviating from the instructions given in the SPC may increase the prevalence of bacteria resistant to fluoroquinolones and may decrease the effectiveness of treatment with other quinolones due to the potential for cross resistance.

The safety of the veterinary medicinal product has not been assessed in breeding bulls.

## Special precautions to be taken by the person administering the veterinary medicinal product to animals:

People with known hypersensitivity to (fluoro)quinolones should avoid contact with the veterinary medicinal product.

Care should be taken to avoid accidental self-injection, it can induce a slight irritation.

In case of accidental self-injection, seek medical advice immediately and show the package leaflet or the label to the physician.

In case of contact with skin or eyes, rinse with plenty of water.

Wash hands after use.

Do not eat, drink or smoke during application.

#### Pregnancy:

The safety of the veterinary medicinal product has not been established during pregnancy in cows nor assessed in breeding bulls.

The use of the veterinary medicinal product is not recommended during pregnancy.

Studies in laboratory animals have shown adverse effects on reproduction. At high doses in rats (100 to 200 mg/kg/day), increase in foetal delayed ossification and in dilatation of the cerebral ventricles were observed. Dams given high doses produced fewer live pups per litter and pup weight and survival were adversely affected.

#### <u>Interaction</u> with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction:

When fluoroquinolones have been combined with bacteriostatic antimicrobials, such as tetracyclines and macrolides or phenicols, an antagonism was demonstrated *in vitro*.

#### Overdose:

A subcutaneous injection of the veterinary medicinal product at two times the recommended dose induced a moderate inflammatory response in the tissue around the injection site. The resultant lesions may persist for up to 30 days.

At doses of three times the therapeutic dose (18 mg/kg bw), erythema of the nasal and ocular mucosae was induced and food intake was reduced. At even higher doses and prolonged exposure, there was damage to the cartilage in the joints and some animals displayed paresis, ataxia or nystagmus.

#### Major incompatibilities:

In the absence of compatibility studies, this veterinary medicinal product must not be mixed with other veterinary medicinal products.

#### 7. Adverse events

#### Cattle:

Very rare (<1 animal / 10,000 animals treated, including isolated reports):	
Anaphylactic shock <sup>1</sup>	

Reporting adverse events is important. It allows continuous safety monitoring of a product. If you notice any side effects, even those not already listed in this package leaflet, or you think that the medicine has not worked, please contact, in the first instance, your veterinarian. You can also report any adverse events to the marketing authorisation holder< or the local representative of the marketing authorisation holder> using the contact details at the end of this leaflet, or via your national reporting system: {national system details}.

#### 8. Dosage for each species, routes and method of administration

Intravenous or subcutaneous routes.

6 mg/kg body weight (1 ml/30 kg body weight) as a single injection.

If clinical signs of respiratory or enteric disease persist 48 hours after the first injection, an additional dose at 6 mg/kg body weight may be administered.

It is recommended to treat animals in the early stages of disease and to evaluate the response to treatment within 48 hours.

For the treatment of acute bovine mastitis, the veterinary medicinal product should be administered at 6 mg/kg body weight (1 ml/30 kg body weight) as a single injection by the subcutaneous or intravenous route. The clinical signs should be monitored carefully and supportive therapy should be given as appropriate. If clinical signs of acute bovine mastitis persist 36-48 hours after the first injection, the antibiotic treatment strategy should be reviewed. It is recommended to treat animals in the early stages of disease and to evaluate the response to treatment within 36-48 hours. To ensure a correct dosage body weight should be determined as accurately as possible.

#### 9. Advice on correct administration

For treatment of cattle weighing more than 450 kg, divide the subcutaneous dose so that no more than 15 ml are injected at one site.

When dosing a large number of animals from a single vial, the use of an automatic syringe is recommended to avoid excessive broaching of the rubber stopper.

#### 10. Withdrawal periods

Meat and offal: 8 days Milk: 4 days

#### 11. Special storage precautions

Keep out of the sight and reach of children. Store in the original packaging in order to protect from light. Do not freeze.

Do not use this veterinary medicinal product after the expiry date which is stated on the label after Exp. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

Shelf life after first opening the immediate packaging: 28 days.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In sensitive animals, immediate or delayed.

#### 12. Special precautions for disposal

Medicines should not be disposed of via wastewater or household waste.

Use take-back schemes for the disposal of any unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived thereof in accordance with local requirements and with any applicable national collection systems. These measures should help to protect the environment.

Ask your veterinary surgeon how to dispose of medicines no longer required.

#### 13. Classification of veterinary medicinal products

Veterinary medicinal product subject to prescription.

#### 14. Marketing authorisation numbers and pack sizes

Supplied in boxes containing one vial of 50 ml, 100 ml or 250 ml. Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

#### 15. Date on which the package leaflet was last revised

Detailed information on this veterinary medicinal product is available in the Union Product Database (https://medicines.health.europa.eu/veterinary).

#### 16. Contact details

<u>Marketing authorisation holder <and contact details to report suspected adverse reactions>:</u> *To be completed nationally* 

Manufacturer responsible for batch release:

Zoetis Manufacturing & Research Spain S.L. Carretera. De Camprodon S/n La Vall De Bianya 17813 Girona Spain

<Local representative <and contact details to report suspected adverse reactions>:>To be completed nationally (if needed)

To be completed nationally	